

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product
Product name
Product code
HSNO approval
A188
HSR002662

Approval description Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2017

UN number 119

Proper Shipping Name METHYL ETHYL KETONE

DG class 3
Packaging group II
Hazchem code 2YE
Uses Additive

Company Details

Company
Address

60 Cawley Street
PO Box 394962
Ellerslie 1547
Auckland
New Zealand
164 9 915 5555

Telephone +64 9 915 5555
Email askmi@mitech.co.nz
Website www.mitech.co.nz

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800-764 766

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002662, Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2017). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017 and is classified as follows:

Classes Hazard Statements

3.1B	H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
6.1E (oral)	H303 - May be harmful if swallowed
6.3B	H316 - Causes mild skin irritation.
6.4A	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
6.9B (narcotic)	H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

6.9B H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

SYMBOLS

DANGER





Other Classifications

There are no other Classifications that are known to apply.

Precautionary Statements

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

P210 - Keep away from ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe vapours.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

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P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye/face protection.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eve irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	90-100%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service). IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Recommended first aid

Ready access to running water is recommended. Accessible eyewash is recommended.

facilities

Inhaled

Swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. If medical advice is needed,

have product container or label at hand. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if

you feel unwell.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Apply continuous irrigation with water for at least 15 minutes

holding eyelids apart. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

Skin contactIF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically

5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: Vapours may form an explosive mixture in air which can be ignited by many sources such

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam, fog sprays.

as pilot lights, open flames, electrical motors, switches and static electricity.

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Lloknown

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Unknown.

Products of combustion:

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: 2YE

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment If greater than 1000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage

any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to

stormwater.

Emergency procedures In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of

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WES-STEL



hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust on concentrate. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council

immediately).

Clean-up method

Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the

clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Disposal Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children.

Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10. Location compliance certificates must be available if storing >100L

(containers >5L), 250L (containers ≤5L), 50L (in use). Containers (and outer packaging)

must bear the prescribed labelling, including the Hazchem code, UN number,

flammability warning and name of contents.

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient WES-TWA

Exposure Stds Methyl ethyl ketone 150ppm, 445mg/m³ 300ppm, 890mg/m³

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.

Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular, the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Eyes



Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible.

Skin

If discomfort is felt (e.g., if pre-existing conditions exist, such as dermatitis, cuts or sensitive skin), gloves may be helpful. If you suffer from dermatitis type skin conditions, use gloves. Butyl Rubber gloves are recommended. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use.

Respiratory

A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Use a respirator with an organic vapour cartridge. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable



9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance purple liquid
Odour solvent
pH no data
Vapour pressure 13.3kPa (25°C)

Viscosity no data
Relative vapour density >1
Boiling point >75°C
Volatile materials no data
Freezing / melting point <-85°C

Solubility partly soluble in water Specific gravity / density 0.80 (±0.01) (20°C)

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water: log Pow =0.26

Flash point <-9°C
Danger of explosion no data
Auto-ignition temperature >500°C

Upper & lower flammable limits LEL: 1.8%, UEL: 11.5%

Corrosiveness non corrosive

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Flammable substance. Keep away from sources of ignition at all times. Containers should

be kept closed in order to avoid contamination.

Incompatible groups Strong oxidising agents

Substance Specific

Incompatibility

None known

Hazardous decomposition

products

Oxides of carbon

Hazardous reactions None known

11. Toxicological Information

Summary

If SWALLOWED: if large quantities are swallowed: symptoms include nausea and vomiting. Swallowing of theliquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis.

IF IN EYES: May cause severe eye irritation.

IF ON SKIN: repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis (non-allergic), due to degreasing properties of the product.

IF INHALED: May high concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. vapours may cause dizziness and drowsiness. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, headaches, dizziness, tiredness and incoordination and in extreme cases loss of consciousness.

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Acute Oral Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LD₅₀ (oral, rat) for the mixture is between

2000 and 5,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Methyl ethyl ketone 2737 mg/kg (rat).

Dermal No evidence of acute dermal toxicity. Data considered includes: Methyl ethyl ketone

6480mg/kg (rabbit).

Inhaled No evidence of acute inhalation toxicity.

Eye The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant. Methyl Ethyl ketone is considered an eye

irritant.

Skin The mixture is considered to be a skin irritant. Methyl Ethyl ketone is considered a skin

irritant.

Chronic Sensitisation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.

MutagenicityNo ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.CarcinogenicityNo ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.Reproductive /No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

Developmental developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Systemic Inhalation of vapours may have a narcotic effect (methyl ethyl ketone).

Aggravation of None known.

existing conditions



12. **Ecological Data**

Summary

This mixture is not considered ecotoxic.

Supporting Data

Aquatic No evidence of aquatic ecotoxicity.

Bioaccumulation No data Degradability No data

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate This mixture is not considered ecotoxic to terrestrial vertebrates. See acute toxicity.

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no data

Environmental effect levels No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

13. **Disposal Considerations**

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice Disposal method

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances Contaminated packaging

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

14. **Transport Information**

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a hazardous substance for transport.

Proper shipping name: **UN number:** 1193 METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Class(es) Packing group: Precautions: 2YE

Flammable liquid Hazchem code:

IMDG

UN number: 1193 Proper shipping name: METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Class(es) 3 Packing group:

F-E, S-D Precautions: Flammable liquid **EmS**

IATA

UN number: 1193 Proper shipping name: METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Class(es) Packing group: Precautions: Flammable liquid **ERG Code** 3L



15. **Regulatory Information**

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO), Approval code: HSR002662, Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2017.

All ingredients are listed in the New Zealand Inventory of Chemical

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained. Inventory All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances Packaging

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Required if > 1000L is stored. Emergency plan

Certified handler Required if > >250L (for containers >5L), >500L (for containers <5L) is handled or

stored.

Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 1000L is stored. Signage Required if > 250L is stored.

Location compliance certificate Required if > 100L (containers >5L), 250L (containers ≤5L), 50L (in use) is stored

in any one location.

Must be established if > 100L (closed containers), 25L (decanting), 5L (open Flammable zone

occasionally), 1L (in use), stored in any one location is stored in any one location.

Fire extinguisher If > 250L present.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval HSR002662, Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard **Approval Code**

2017 Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number **CAS Number**

EC₅₀ Ecotoxic Concentration 50% - concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

FΡΔ Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

 LD_{50} Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats). LC₅₀

Lethal Concentration 50% - concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals **NZIoC**

MSDS (SDS) Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UEL Upper Explosive Limit **UN Number United Nations Number**

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.





References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS

Review

DateReason for reviewApril 2015Not applicable – new SDS

May 2020 5 yearly update

<u>Disclai</u>mer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.

