

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name MB161 HSNO approval HSR002662

Approval description Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2020

UN number 1210 DG class 3

Proper Shipping Name PRINTING INK

Packaging group II
Hazchem code 3YE
Uses Printing ink

Company Details

Company
Address

MITech Limited
60 Cawley Street
PO Box 394962
Ellerslie 1547
Auckland

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800-764 766

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002662, Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS 7 Classes

Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid category 2
Skin irritant category 2
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
Eye irritant category 2
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin sensitiser category 1
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT* single exposure category 3
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT* repeated exposure category 2 H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Chronic aquatic category 3 H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SYMBOLS

DANGER



Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

^{*}STOT - System target organ toxicity



Precautionary Statements

Prevention P103 - Read label before use.

P210 - Keep away from ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe vapours.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye/face protection.

Response P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower.

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Storage P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	60-70%
Amines, coco alkyl, ethoxylated	61791-14-8	1-5%
Ethanol	64-17-5	1-5%
Oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivative	68609-97-2	<1%
Aminoethylaminopropyltrimethoxysilane	1760-24-3	<1%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service). IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Recommended first aid

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

facilities

Exposure

Swallowed Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Call a POISON CENTRE or

doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get

medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhaled Generally, inhalation of fumes is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If coughing,

dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for

transport and contact a doctor.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically.

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5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: Vapours may form an explosive mixture in air which can be ignited by many sources such

as pilot lights, open flames, electrical motors, switches and static electricity.

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Unknown.

3YE

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances: Products of combustion:

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code:

6.

Accidental Release Measures

Containment If greater than 1000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage

any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to

storm water.

Emergency procedures In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of

hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers,

or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).

clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Disposal Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children.

Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10. Location test certificates must be available if storing >100L (containers >5L), 250L (containers ≤5L), 50L (in use). Containers (and outer packaging) must bear the prescribed labelling, including the Hazchem code, UN number, flammability warning and

name of contents.

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye

contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient WES-TWA WES-STEL

Exposure Stds Methyl ethyl ketone 150ppm, 445mg/m³ 300ppm, 890mg/m³ Ethanol 1000ppm, 1880mg/m³ data unavailable

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

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Personal Protective Equipment

General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate. Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Eyes



Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Skin



Protective gloves are recommended. Butyl rubber gloves are recommended. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Wash hands after handling.

Respiratory

A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use a respirator with an organic vapour cartridge. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance black liquid
Odour solvent
Odour Threshhold no data
pH no data
Freezing/melting point <-85°C
Boiling Point >75°C
Flashpoint >-9°C

Flammability flammable liquid Upper & lower flammable limits LEL: 1.8%, UEL 19.0%

Vapour pressure 13.3kPa (25°C) Vapour density no data Specific gravity/density 0.9 (20°C) Solubility partly soluble Partition coefficient no data **Auto-ignition temperature** >350°C **Decomposition temperature** no data **Viscosity** no data **Particle Characteristics** no data

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Flammable substance. Keep away from sources of ignition at all times. Containers should

be kept closed in order to avoid contamination.

Incompatible groups Strong oxidising agents

Substance Specific None known

Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition Oxides of carbon

products

Hazardous reactions None known



11. **Toxicological Information**

Summary

If SWALLOWED: if large quantities are swallowed: symptoms include nausea and vomiting. Swallowing of the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis.

IF IN EYES: May cause severe eye irritation.

IF ON SKIN: repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis (non-allergic), due to degreasing properties of the product.

IF INHALED: May high concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. vapours may cause dizziness and drowsiness. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, headaches, dizziness, tiredness and incoordination and in extreme cases loss of consciousness.

Supporting Data

Acute Oral Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LD₅₀ (oral, rat) for the mixture is between

2000 and 5000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Methyl ethyl ketone 2737 mg/kg (rat),

Amines, coco alkyl, ethoxylated 750mg/kg (rat).

No evidence of acute dermal toxicity. Data considered includes: Methyl ethyl ketone Dermal

6480mg/kg (rabbit).

Inhaled Using LC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LC₅₀ (inhalation, rat) for the mixture is

>5mg/L. Data considered includes: ethanol >5000mg/L.

The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant. Methyl Ethyl ketone is considered an eye Eye

The mixture is considered to be a skin irritant. Methyl Ethyl ketone is considered a skin Skin

irritant.

Chronic Sensitisation The mixture is considered to be a contact sensitizer, because oxirane, mono[(C12-14-

alkyloxy)methyl] derivative and Aminoethylaminopropyltrimethoxysilane present in

greater than 0.1% is known to be a contact sensitizer.

Mutagenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. Carcinogenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen. Reproductive / No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

Developmental developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation. **Systemic**

Inhalation of vapours may have a narcotic effect (methyl ethyl ketone).

Aggravation of None known.

existing conditions

12. **Ecological Data**

This mixture is considered harmful towards aquatic organisms with long lasting effects. In all cases prevent run-off to waterways, drains and sewers.

Supporting Data

Aquatic Using EC₅₀'s for ingredients, the estimated EC₅₀ for the mixture is between 10 mg/L and

100 mg/L.

Bioaccumulation No data Degradability No data

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate This mixture is not considered ecotoxic to terrestrial vertebrates. See acute toxicity.

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no data

13. **Disposal Considerations**

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal method Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should

be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packaging Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is renedered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.



14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for transport.

UN number: 1210 **Proper shipping name:** PRINTING INK

Class(es) 3 Packing group: II
Precautions: FLAMMABLE LIQUID Hazchem code: 3YE

IMDG

UN number: 1210 **Proper shipping name**: PRINTING INK

Class(es) 3 Packing group: II
Precautions: FLAMMABLE LIQUID EmS F-E, S-D

IATA

UN number: 1210 **Proper shipping name:** PRINTING INK

Class(es) 3 Packing group: II
Precautions: FLAMMABLE LIQUID ERG Guide 3L

15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002662, Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2020.

All ingredients appear on the NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Required if > 1000L is stored.

Certified handler Not required.
Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment
Signage
Required if > 1000L is stored.
Required if > 250L is stored.

Location compliance certificate

Required if > 100L (containers >5L), 250L (containers ≤5L), 50L (in use) is stored.

Flammable zone

Required if > 100L (closed containers), 25L (decanting), 5L (open

occasionally), 1L (in use), is stored.

Fire extinguisher If > 250L present.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.



16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval Code Approval HSR002662, Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard

2020 Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

EC₅₀ Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

GHS Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

LD₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

STOT RESystem Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure
STOT SE
System Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure

Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UELUpper Explosive LimitUN NumberUnited Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site – www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus

Review

DateReason for reviewOctober 2018Not applicable – new SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of fisk each substance posts is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.

